

reflected this philosophical tradition and the cooperative spirit of "people helping people" that gave birth to the Federal Credit Union Act;

Whereas there are over 5,000 Federal credit unions in the United States serving nearly 50,000,000 Americans in all 50 States; and

Whereas September 2007 has been designated as Federal Credit Union Month: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the House of Representatives—

(1) supports the goals and ideals of Federal Credit Union Month; and

(2) recognizes the importance of Federal credit unions to the economy, and their critical mission in serving those of modest means.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to the rule, the gentleman from Pennsylvania (Mr. KANJORSKI) and the gentlewoman from Illinois (Mrs. BIGGERT) each will control 20 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Pennsylvania.

GENERAL LEAVE

Mr. KANJORSKI. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members may have 5 legislative days within which to revise and extend their remarks on this legislation and to insert extraneous material thereon.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Pennsylvania?

There was no objection.

Mr. KANJORSKI. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, I rise today to offer my thoughts about House Resolution 658, of which I am proud to be a cosponsor. House Resolution 658 would designate September as National Credit Union Month. America's credit union movement began during the Great Depression with the passage of the Federal Credit Union Act. With its mission of helping people of modest means, the credit union movement has blossomed, and these financial institutions help to keep our economy vibrant. Today, credit unions serve more than 89 million members at more than 9,000 State and federally chartered institutions. These financial entities are cooperative organizations that are owned and controlled by their members. From my perspective, the credit union movement represents democratic capital of our society. The movement also represents the grass-roots of our democracy.

Among other things, credit unions provide much-needed services to young families and small businesses, often offering mortgages and startup loans at low rates. In addition, credit unions invest in the areas where they are located by assisting in community revitalization and economic renewal efforts, as well as working with underserved populations to help them gain access to our Nation's banking system.

More than 9 years ago, we passed the Credit Union Membership Access Act, which I helped to introduce. This legislation modernized Federal credit union laws. Unfortunately, however, it also imposed severe restrictions on credit

unions in several areas like capital standards, business lending, and the ability of some credit unions to provide services to underserved areas. From my perspective, we should revisit these areas and work to help credit unions operate more effectively and efficiently in the years ahead.

In closing, I am proud to be a supporter of the credit union movement and am pleased to speak in support of recognizing September as National Credit Union Month.

Mr. Speaker, I urge my colleagues to support this important resolution.

Mr. Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mrs. BIGGERT. Mr. Speaker, I rise in support of House Resolution 658, a resolution supporting the goals and ideals of designating September 2007 as Federal Credit Union Month. First, I would like to thank the Congresswoman and the Congressman from New York, Mrs. MALONEY and Mr. WALSH, for their leadership and for introducing this important resolution. I would also like to thank my colleague from Pennsylvania (Mr. KANJORSKI) for managing this resolution.

Second, I, too, would like to recognize credit unions for the important role that they play in our community. This resolution honors the 5,000 Federal credit unions that serve the financial needs of 50 million Americans, or about 17 percent of all U.S. citizens. Democratic organizations that are run by their members, credit unions have provided millions of Americans the credit and financial services that they need to buy cars, build homes, and pay for education. Of particular importance is that credit unions across the country promote financial education and are a part of our national effort to increase financial literacy rates, especially among our Nation's youth.

The mission of credit unions is to serve those of modest means. In my congressional district, the 13th District of Illinois, credit unions serve policemen, teachers, post office employees, airline pilots, and health care professionals. Credit unions also serve scientists, engineers, and their support staff at Argonne National Laboratory, a Department of Energy laboratory that supports cutting-edge basic research and the advanced development of advanced energy technologies ranging from next generation nuclear reactors to fuel cells for hydrogen-powered cars. It could be said that by serving scientists and engineers in my congressional district, credit unions are helping, literally and figuratively, to drive our future.

Finally, I would like to recognize all of the credit unions and associations, especially those in Illinois, for their contributions to our communities. Specifically, I would like to recognize and thank the Credit Union National Association, the National Association of Federal Credit Unions, and the Illinois Credit Union League. Last but not least, I would like to thank all of the

employees, in particular, Chairwoman JoAnn Johnson, at the National Credit Union Administration, the Federal credit union regulator.

Again, I thank the cosponsors of this resolution.

Ms. EDDIE BERNICE JOHNSON of Texas. Mr. Speaker, it is with great pleasure that I rise today to recognize the goals and ideals of Federal Credit Union Month. Credit unions across the United States have been a vital component to economic growth and empowerment.

This month is intended to bring awareness to credit union's impact on the economy and the tremendous service they provide to their members. Our federal credit unions play an important role in the lives of many Americans, my district in Dallas, TX, included. Credit unions offer the chance for its members to participate in their financial lives as owners, rather than just account holders.

Credit unions help communities and families achieve their part of the American Dream by offering financial services and banking opportunities that many members would otherwise be denied with a privately owned institution. These opportunities enhance stability and affordability in ownership and security for credit union members.

Mr. Speaker, federal credit unions remain an important financial institution for many of our Nation's hard working people. It is important that we as a body continue to articulate support for our Nation's federal credit unions. As a loyal member of a federal credit union I strongly support the goals and ideas this month promotes.

Mrs. BIGGERT. Mr. Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. KANJORSKI. Mr. Speaker, I have no further requests for time, and I yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Pennsylvania (Mr. KANJORSKI) that the House suspend the rules and agree to the resolution, H. Res. 658.

The question was taken; and (two-thirds being in the affirmative) the rules were suspended and the resolution was agreed to.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

RECESS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 12(a) of rule I, the Chair declares the House in recess until approximately 6:30 p.m. today.

Accordingly (at 5 o'clock and 5 minutes p.m.), the House stood in recess until approximately 6:30 p.m.

□ 1830

AFTER RECESS

The recess having expired, the House was called to order by the Speaker pro tempore (Mr. SALAZAR) at 6 o'clock and 30 minutes p.m.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, proceedings

will resume on motions to suspend the rules previously postponed.

Votes will be taken in the following order:

H. Con. Res. 193, by the yeas and nays;

H. Res. 668, by the yeas and nays;

H.R. 1199, by the yeas and nays;

H. Res. 340, by the yeas and nays.

The first electronic vote will be conducted as a 15-minute vote. Remaining electronic votes will be conducted as 5-minute votes.

RECOGNIZING ALL HUNTERS ACROSS THE UNITED STATES FOR THEIR CONTINUED COMMIT- MENT TO SAFETY

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The unfinished business is the vote on the motion to suspend the rules and agree to the concurrent resolution, H. Con. Res. 193, on which the yeas and nays were ordered.

The Clerk read the title of the concurrent resolution.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Illinois (Mr. DAVIS) that the House suspend the rules and agree to the concurrent resolution, H. Con. Res. 193.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 385, nays 0, not voting 47, as follows:

[Roll No. 891]

YEAS—385

Abercrombie	Calvert	Drake
Ackerman	Camp (MI)	Dreier
Aderholt	Campbell (CA)	Duncan
Akin	Cannon	Edwards
Alexander	Cantor	Ehlers
Allen	Capito	Ellison
Altmire	Capuano	Ellsworth
Andrews	Cardoza	Emanuel
Arcuri	Carnahan	Emerson
Baca	Carney	English (PA)
Bachmann	Carter	Eshoo
Bachus	Castle	Everett
Baird	Castor	Fallin
Baker	Chabot	Farr
Baldwin	Chandler	Fattah
Barrett (SC)	Clarke	Feeney
Barrow	Clay	Ferguson
Bartlett (MD)	Cleaver	Finer
Barton (TX)	Clyburn	Flake
Bean	Coble	Forbes
Becerra	Cohen	Fortenberry
Berkley	Cole (OK)	Fossella
Berman	Conaway	Fox
Biggert	Conyers	Frank (MA)
Bilbray	Cooper	Franks (AZ)
Billirakis	Costello	Frelinghuysen
Bishop (NY)	Courtney	Gallely
Blackburn	Cramer	Garrett (NJ)
Blumenauer	Cuellar	Gerlach
Blunt	Culberson	Giffords
Boehner	Cummings	Gilchrest
Bonner	Davis (AL)	Gillibrand
Bono	Davis (CA)	Gingrey
Boozman	Davis (IL)	Gohmert
Boren	Davis (KY)	Gonzalez
Boswell	Davis, David	Goode
Boucher	Davis, Lincoln	Goodlatte
Boustany	Deal (GA)	Gordon
Boyd (FL)	DeFazio	Granger
Boyda (KS)	DeGette	Graves
Brady (PA)	Dent	Green, Al
Brady (TX)	Diaz-Balart, L.	Green, Gene
Braley (IA)	Diaz-Balart, M.	Hall (NY)
Brown (GA)	Dicks	Hall (TX)
Brown (SC)	Dingell	Hare
Buchanan	Doggett	Harman
Burton (IN)	Donnelly	Hastings (FL)
Butterfield	Doolittle	Hastings (WA)
Buyer	Doyle	Hayes

Heller	McHenry	Sarbanes
Hensarling	McHugh	Saxton
Hereth Sandlin	McIntyre	Schakowsky
Higgins	McKeon	Schiff
Hill	McMorris	Schmidt
Hinchev	Rodgers	Schwartz
Hinojosa	McNerney	Scott (GA)
Hirono	McNulty	Scott (VA)
Hobson	Meek (FL)	Sensenbrenner
Hodes	Meeks (NY)	Serrano
Hoekstra	Melancon	Sessions
Holden	Mica	Sestak
Holt	Michaud	Shadeegg
Hooley	Miller (FL)	Shays
Hoyer	Miller (MI)	Shea-Porter
Hulshof	Miller (NC)	Sherman
Hunter	Miller, Gary	Shimkus
Inglis (SC)	Miller, George	Shuler
Inslee	Mitchell	Shuster
Israel	Mollohan	Simpson
Issa	Moore (KS)	Sires
Jackson (IL)	Moore (WI)	Skelton
Jackson-Lee	Moran (KS)	Slaughter
(TX)	Moran (VA)	Smith (NE)
Jefferson	Murphy, Patrick	Smith (NJ)
Johnson (GA)	Murphy, Tim	Smith (TX)
Jones (NC)	Murtha	Smith (WA)
Jones (OH)	Musgrave	Solis
Jordan	Myrick	Souder
Kagen	Napolitano	Space
Kanjorski	Neugebauer	Spratt
Kaptur	Nunes	Stark
Keller	Oberstar	Stearns
Kildee	Obey	Sullivan
Kilpatrick	Olver	Sutton
Kind	Ortiz	Tancredo
King (IA)	Pallone	Tanner
King (NY)	Pascarell	Tauscher
Kingston	Pastor	Taylor
Kirk	Paul	Terry
Klein (FL)	Payne	Thompson (CA)
Kline (MN)	Pearce	Thompson (MS)
Knollenberg	Perlmutter	Thornberry
Kuhl (NY)	Peterson (MN)	Tiberi
Lamborn	Petri	Tierney
Lampson	Pitts	Turner
Lantos	Platts	Udall (CO)
Larsen (WA)	Poe	Udall (NM)
Larson (CT)	Porter	Upton
Latham	Price (GA)	Van Hollen
LaTourette	Price (NC)	Velázquez
Lee	Putnam	Visclosky
Levin	Radanovich	Walberg
Lewis (CA)	Rahall	Walden (OR)
Lewis (GA)	Ramstad	Walsh (NY)
Lewis (KY)	Rangel	Walz (MN)
Linder	Regula	Wamp
Lipinski	Rehberg	Wasserman
LoBiondo	Reichert	Schultz
Loebach	Renzi	Watson
Lofgren, Zoe	Reyes	Watt
Lowey	Reynolds	Waxman
Lungren, Daniel	Richardson	Weiner
E.	Rodriguez	Welch (VT)
Lynch	Rogers (KY)	Weldon (FL)
Mack	Rogers (MI)	Weller
Mahoney (FL)	Rohrabacher	Wexler
Maloney (NY)	Ros-Lehtinen	Whitfield
Manzullo	Roskam	Wicker
Marchant	Ross	Wilson (NM)
Markey	Rothman	Wilson (OH)
Marshall	Roybal-Allard	Wilson (SC)
Matheson	Royce	Wolf
Matsui	Ruppersberger	Woolsey
McCarthy (CA)	Rush	Wu
McCarthy (NY)	Ryan (OH)	Wynn
McCaul (TX)	Ryan (WI)	Yarmuth
McCollum (MN)	Salazar	Young (AK)
McCotter	Sali	Young (FL)
McCrery	Sánchez, Linda	
McDermott	T.	
McGovern	Sánchez, Loretta	

NOT VOTING—47

Berry	DeLauro	LaHood
Bishop (GA)	Engel	Langevin
Bishop (UT)	Etheridge	Lucas
Brown, Corrine	Grijalva	Murphy (CT)
Brown-Waite,	Gutierrez	Nadler
Ginny	Hastert	Neal (MA)
Burgess	Herger	Pence
Capps	Honda	Peterson (PA)
Carson	Jindal	Pickering
Costa	Johnson (IL)	Pomeroy
Crenshaw	Johnson, E. B.	Pryce (OH)
Crowley	Johnson, Sam	Rogers (AL)
Cubin	Kennedy	
Davis, Jo Ann	Kucinich	
Davis, Tom		

Snyder	Tiahrt	Waters
Stupak	Towns	Westmoreland

□ 1856

Mr. MCNERNEY changed his vote from “nay” to “yea.”

So (two-thirds being in the affirmative) the rules were suspended and the concurrent resolution was agreed to.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

RECOGNIZING THE 50TH ANNIVER- SARY OF THE SEPTEMBER 25, 1957, DESEGREGATION OF LITTLE ROCK CENTRAL HIGH SCHOOL BY THE LITTLE ROCK NINE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The unfinished business is the vote on the motion to suspend the rules and agree to the resolution, H. Res. 668, on which the yeas and nays were ordered.

The Clerk read the title of the resolution.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Michigan (Mr. CONYERS) that the House suspend the rules and agree to the resolution, H. Res. 668.

This will be a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 387, nays 0, not voting 45, as follows:

[Roll No. 892]

YEAS—387

Abercrombie	Buyer	Drake
Ackerman	Calvert	Dreier
Aderholt	Camp (MI)	Duncan
Akin	Campbell (CA)	Edwards
Alexander	Cannon	Ehlers
Allen	Cantor	Ellison
Altmire	Capito	Ellsworth
Andrews	Capuano	Emanuel
Arcuri	Cardoza	Emerson
Baca	Carnahan	Engel
Bachmann	Carney	English (PA)
Bachus	Carter	Eshoo
Baird	Castle	Etheridge
Baker	Castor	Everett
Baldwin	Chabot	Fallin
Barrett (SC)	Chandler	Farr
Barrow	Clarke	Fattah
Bartlett (MD)	Clay	Feeney
Barton (TX)	Clyburn	Ferguson
Bean	Coble	Finer
Becerra	Cohen	Flake
Berkley	Cole (OK)	Forbes
Berman	Conaway	Fortenberry
Biggert	Conyers	Fossella
Bilbray	Cooper	Fox
Billirakis	Costello	Frank (MA)
Bishop (NY)	Courtney	Franks (AZ)
Bishop (UT)	Cramer	Frelinghuysen
Blackburn	Cuellar	Gallely
Blumenauer	Culberson	Garrett (NJ)
Blunt	Cummings	Gerlach
Boehner	Davis (AL)	Giffords
Bonner	Davis (CA)	Gilchrest
Bono	Davis (IL)	Gillibrand
Boozman	Davis (KY)	Gingrey
Boren	Davis, David	Gohmert
Boswell	Davis, Lincoln	Gonzalez
Boucher	Deal (GA)	Goode
Boustany	DeGette	Goodlatte
Boyd (FL)	DeLauro	Gordon
Boyda (KS)	Dent	Granger
Brady (PA)	Diaz-Balart, L.	Graves
Brady (TX)	Diaz-Balart, M.	Green, Al
Braley (IA)	Dicks	Green, Gene
Brown (GA)	Dingell	Hall (NY)
Brown (SC)	Doggett	Hall (TX)
Buchanan	Donnelly	Hare
Burton (IN)	Doolittle	Harman
Butterfield	Doyle	Hastings (FL)